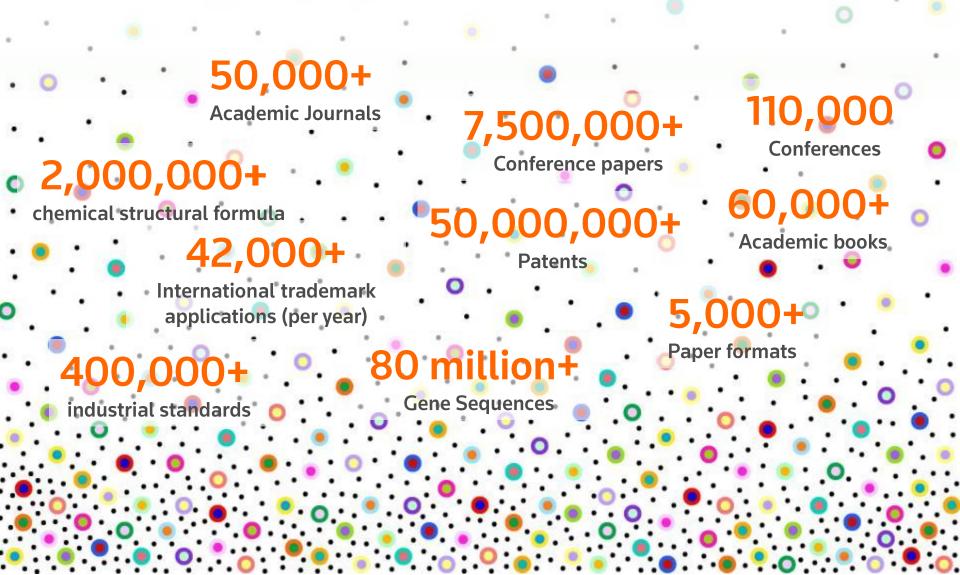
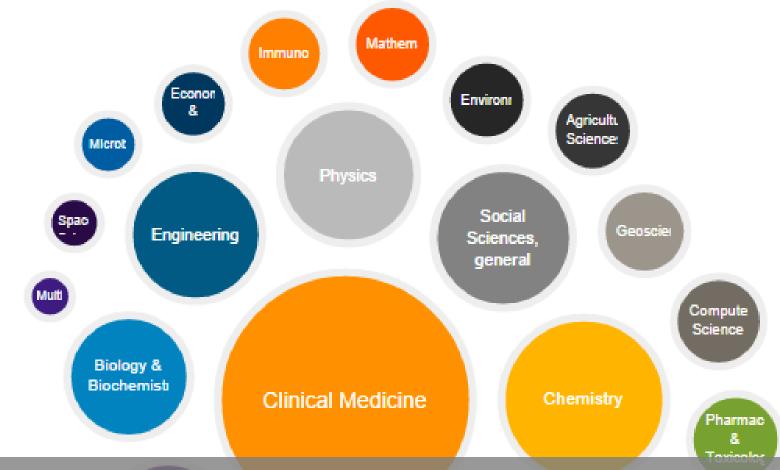


Innovation is about connecting the dots

- 1. collect diverse dots
- 2. cluster the related dots
- 3. connect the dots

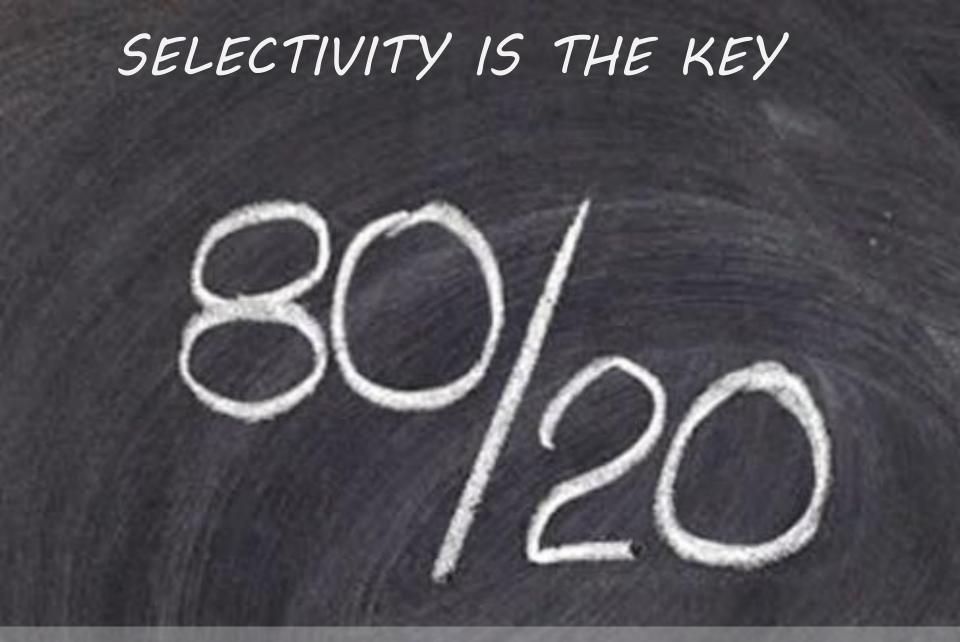
1. COLLECTING DIVERSE DOTS: Challenge of information overload





The average scientist reads 200 articles a year





A relatively small number of journals publish the majority of significant scholarly results

DELIVERING THE "200 ARTICLES"



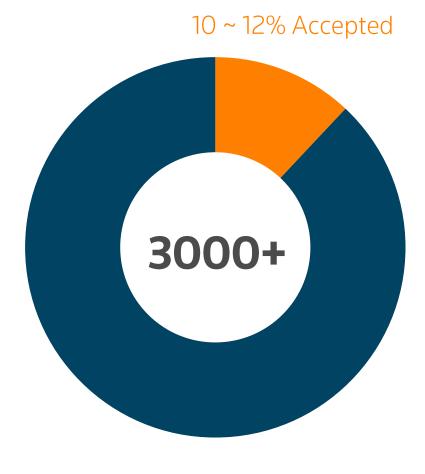
THE SEA OF SCHOLARLY INFORMATION



THOMSON REUTERS JOURNAL SELECTION

- Journal Publishing Standards
- Editorial Content
- International Diversity
- Citation Analysis

THE CORE OF SCIENCE



WEB OF SCIENCE CORE COLLECTION

 It is a vast <u>multidisciplinary</u> collection of standardized metadata - source items and cited references - from a <u>selected and rigorously curated</u> collection of

12,500 Top Tier **JOURNALS** 1900 - 2014

161,000 CONFERENCES1990 - 2014

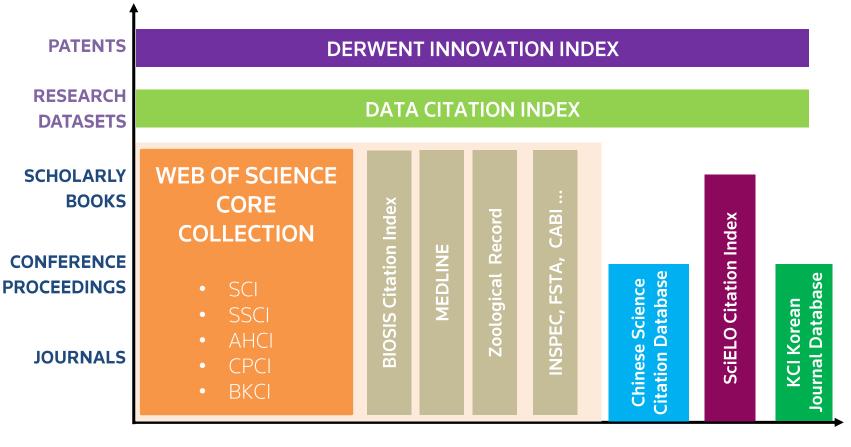
52,000SCHOLARLY BOOKS 2005 - 2014

57 million source items • 1 Billion Cited References

Not to have everything, but to represent everything



COLLECTING DIVERSE DOTS FOR INNOVATION

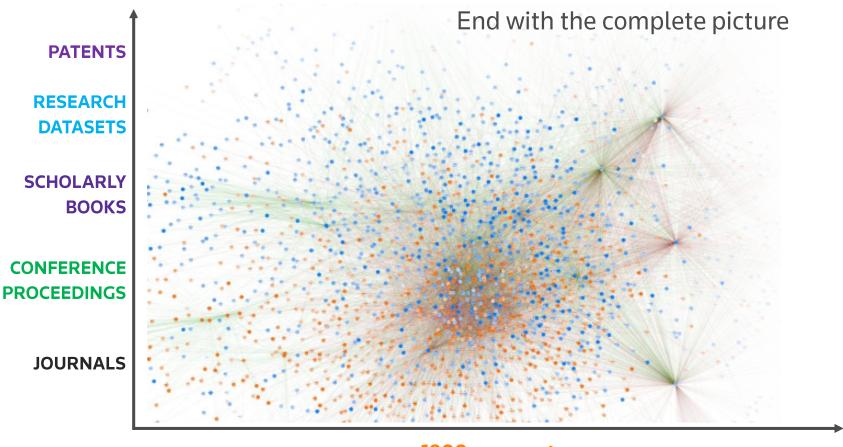


GLOBAL MULTIDISPLINARY CONTENTS

REGIONAL CONTENTS



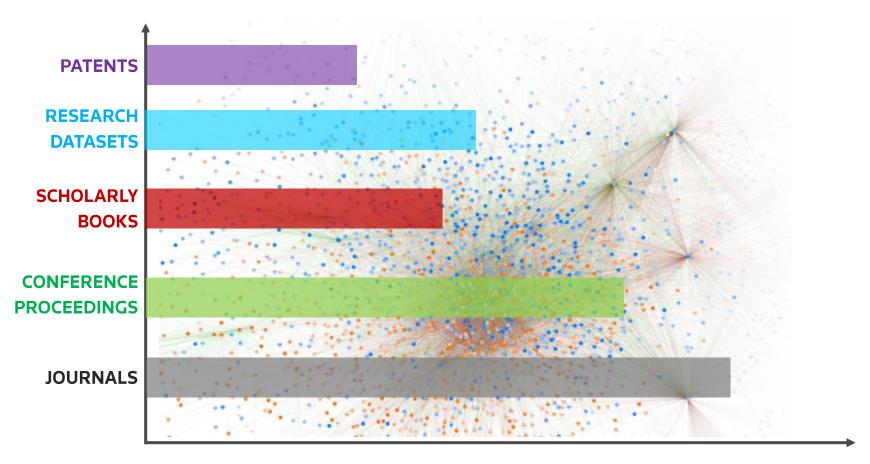
COLLECTING DIVERSE DOTS TO SEE THE COMPLETE PICTURE



1900 - present



COMPLETE VIEW OF RESEARCHERS' PUBLICATION PERFORMANCE





Since 2002, Thomson Reuters has accurately forecasted

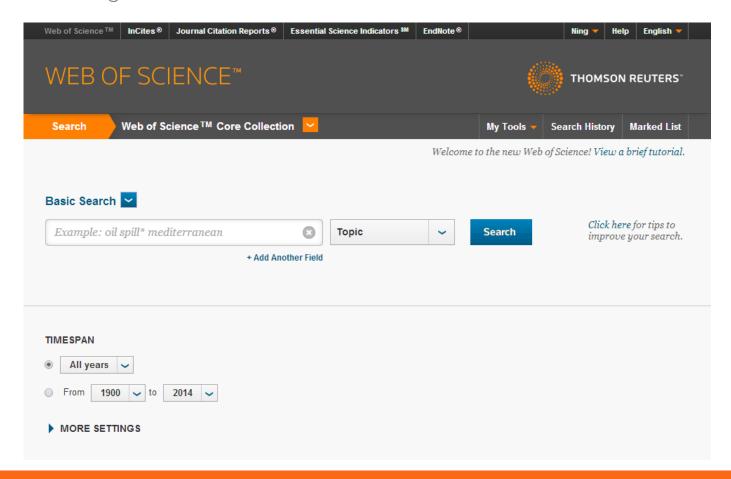
37

Nobel Prize recipients



The crystal ball is...

mining the citations in Web of Science





1. COLLECTING DIVERSE DOTS:

- Selective yet comprehensive
- Broader, deeper

2. CLUSTER THE RELATED DOTS: Putting the data into context

- By Category
- By Text Mining and Clustering
- By Citation

CLUSTER THE RELATED DOTS By Categories

- Which of the following Web of Science categories has the most number of papers in the last 10 years globally?
 - A. NEUROSCIENCE
 - B. MATERIALS SCIENCE, MULTIDISCIPLINARY
 - C. ENGINEERING, ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC
 - D. BIOCHEMISTRY & MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

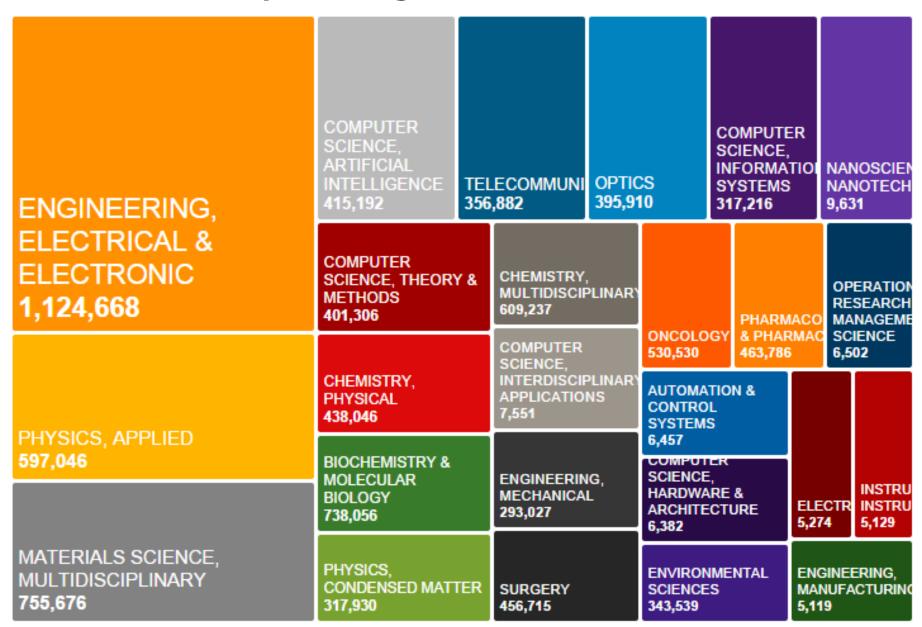


Web of Science Top 25 Categories (2004-2013)



Source: InCites

Web of Science Top 25 Categories in Taiwan (2004-2013)



Source: InCites

Benchmarking Journals in Specific Category

	Category	Edition	#Journals	Total Cites	Median Impact Factor	Aggregate Impact Factor •
1	MULTIDISCIPLINARY SCIENCES	SCIE	55	2,079,971	0.786	5.882
2	CELL BIOLOGY	SCIE	185	1,784,263	3.333	5.815
3	CHEMISTRY, MULTIDISCIPLINARY	SCIE	148	2,195,260	1.401	5.222
4	CELL & TISSUE ENGINEERING	SCIE	18	76,359	3.535	4.940
5	NANOSCIENCE & NANOTECHNOLOGY	SCIE	73	799,992	1.768	4.902
6	NEUROIMAGING	SCIE	13	118,110	2.374	4.732
141	MANAGEMENT	SSCI	172	356,261	1.160	1.699
142	EDUCATION, SPECIAL	SSCI	37	26,278	1.013	1.694
142	PALEONTOLOGY	SCIE	48	77,218	1.168	1.694
144	ENGINEERING, CIVIL	SCIE	124	277,434	0.956	1.670
145	BUSINESS	SSCI	110	257,996	1.388	1.658

Journal rankings and comparisons are meaningful <u>only within</u> each category - <u>not between</u> categories or domains.

Benchmarking Journals in Specific Category

ENGINEERING, ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC

	Full Journal Title	JCR Abbreviated Title	Total Cites	Journal Impact Factor ▼	Impact Factor without Journal Self Cites
1	IEEE WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS	IEEE WIREL COMMUN	2,910	6.524	6.262
2	IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON INDUSTRIAL ELECTRONICS	IEEE T IND ELECTRON	24,432	6.500	4.561
3	IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON FUZZY SYSTEMS	IEEE T FUZZY SYST	7,208	6.306	4.548
4	IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON POWER ELECTRONICS	IEEE T POWER ELECTR	17,852	5.726	3.379
5	IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON PATTERN ANALYSIS AND MACHINE INTELLIGENCE	IEEE T PATTERN ANAL	27,275	5.694	5.430

- Researchers: decide what to read and where to publish
- Librarians: assess new or current journals in their collection
- Publishers: assess their journals compared to similar journals

Benchmarking Research Performance in Context

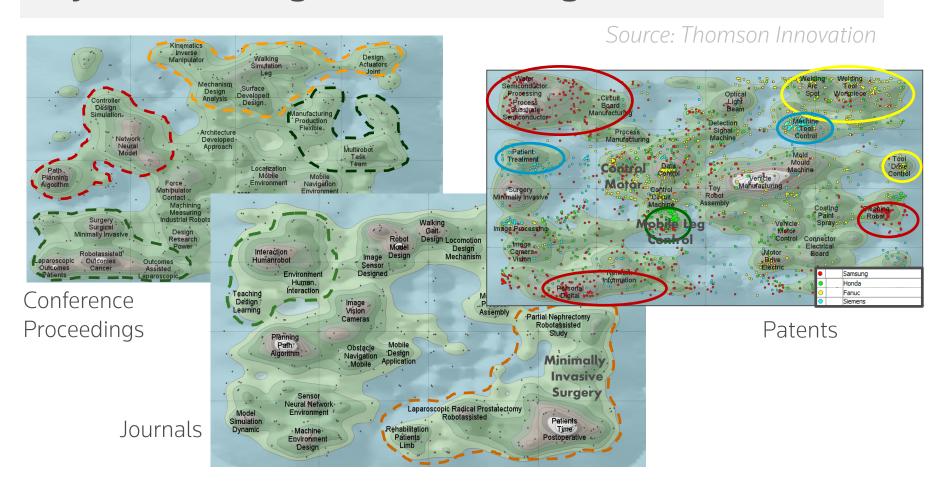
Citation rates vary among fields. What is good or average in mathematics is very different from what is good or average in biochemistry.

RESEARCH FIELDS A	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
ALL FIELDS	22.50	20.77	18.68	16.68	14.30	12.06	9.51	6.71
AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES	16.71	15.45	13.93	11.86	9.49	7.87	6.19	4.25
BIOLOGY & BIOCHEMISTRY	32.89	29.90	26.69	23.33	20.22	17.19	13.19	9.19
CHEMISTRY	21.67	20.86	18.96	16.97	15.77	13.43	11.18	8.23
CLINICAL MEDICINE	26.33	24.62	21.81	18.49	15.74	13.19	10.17	7.11
COMPUTER SCIENCE	7.19	6.75	6.16	8.51	7.41	6.49	4.89	3.35
ECONOMICS & BUSINESS	17.57	16.02	13.82	11.16	8.64	6.98	5.09	3.22
ENGINEERING	10.49	9.42	9.23	8.65	7.45	6.82	5.42	3.90
ENVIRONMENT/E COLOGY	26.44	24.78	21.59	19.01	16.26	13.06	10.32	7.34
GEOSCIENCES	21.42	19.80	18.38	15.47	13.74	11.83	8.97	6.56
IMMUNOLOGY	38.29	36.43	31.95	28.71	24.39	20.53	15.69	11.04
MATERIALS SCIENCE	15.03	14.77	13.70	13.78	11.96	10.67	9.07	6.70
MATHEMATICS	8.08	7.26	6.57	5.86	5.12	4.25	3.35	2.26
MICROBIOLOGY	31.66	29.54	25.92	22.65	19.10	16.26	12.90	8.42

Source: Essential Science Indicators



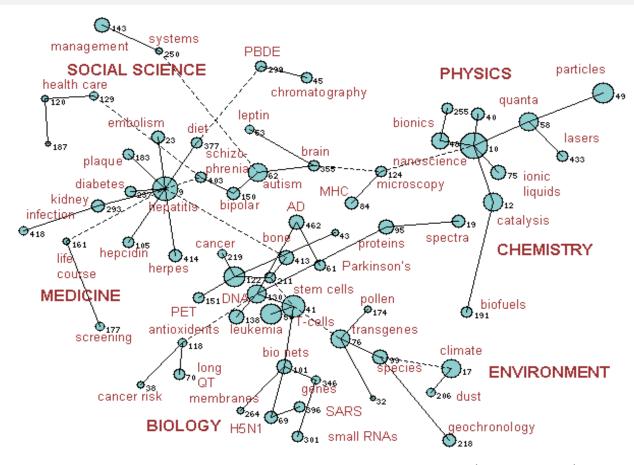
CLUSTER THE RELATED DOTS By Text Mining and Clustering



LITERATURE AND PATENT LANDSCAPING – Robotics



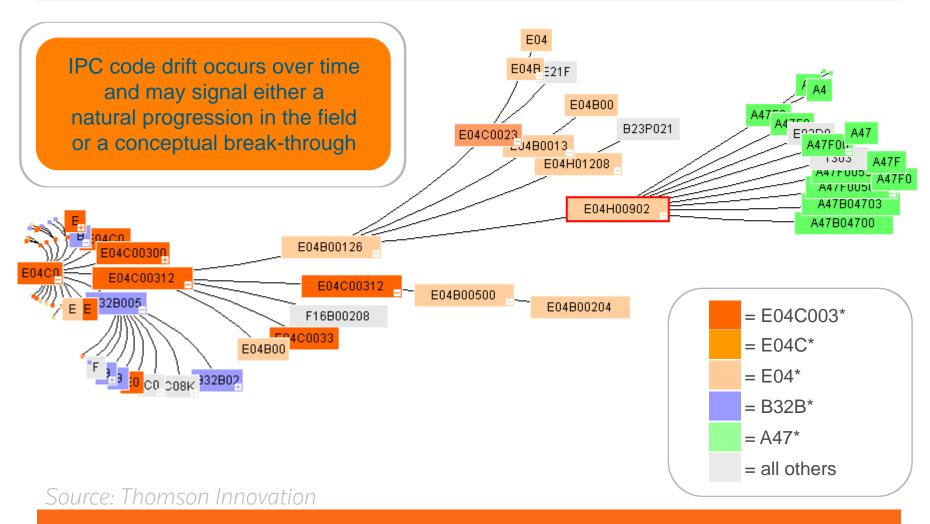
CLUSTER THE RELATED DOTS By Citations



Map of the Structure of Global Science (May 2010)

Source: sciencewatch.com

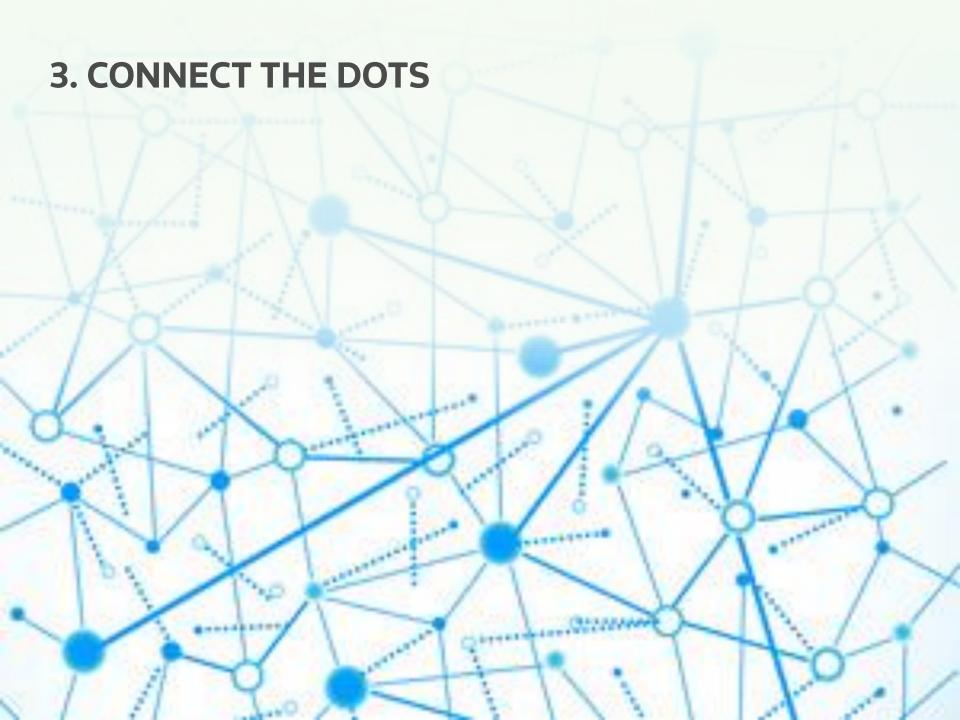
Patent Citations: Technology Break-through

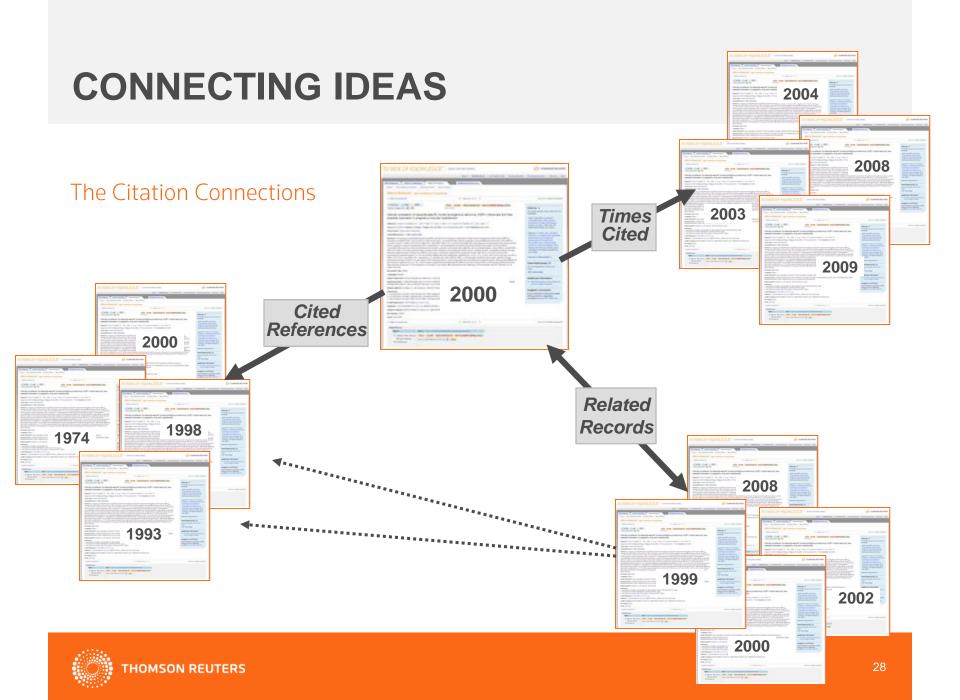




2. CLUSTER THE RELATED DOTS: Putting the data into context

- By Category
- By Text Mining and clustering
- By Citation



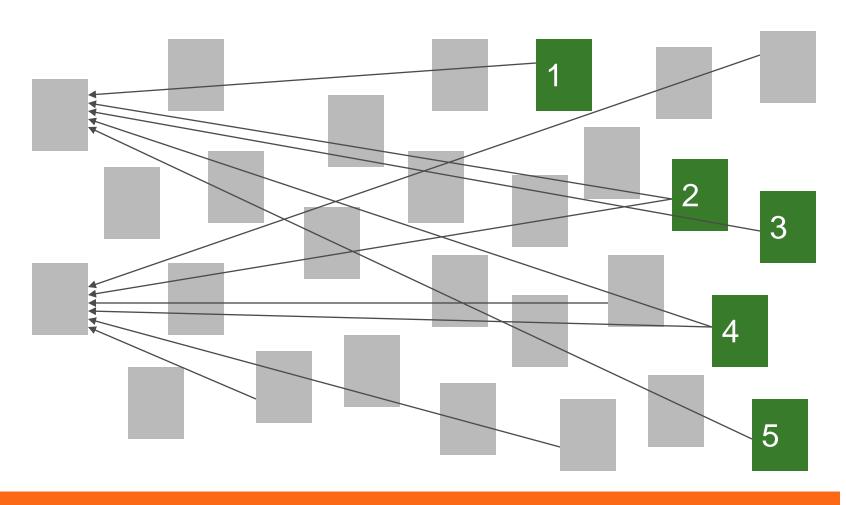


KEY BENEFIT OF CITATION IS NOT JUST ONLY TO ACQUIRE OR RETRIEVE BUT TO DISCOVER!

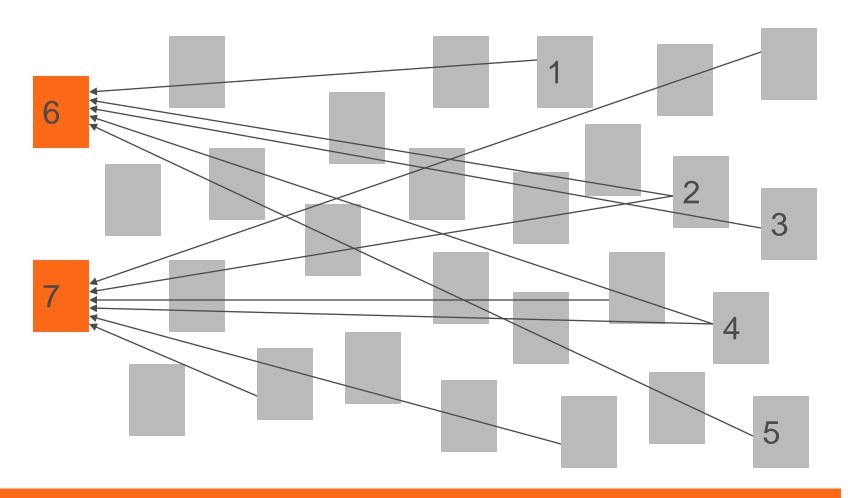
- To Acquire is straightforward, all researchers are doing it ... I know what I need to know
- To Retrieve is common, any researcher can do it ... I know what I don't know
- But ... To Discover is challenging, you need to discover what others don't know ... things that you didn't even know you don't know

Citations provides the "discovery links" that are essential to link up known ideas to discover unknown concepts

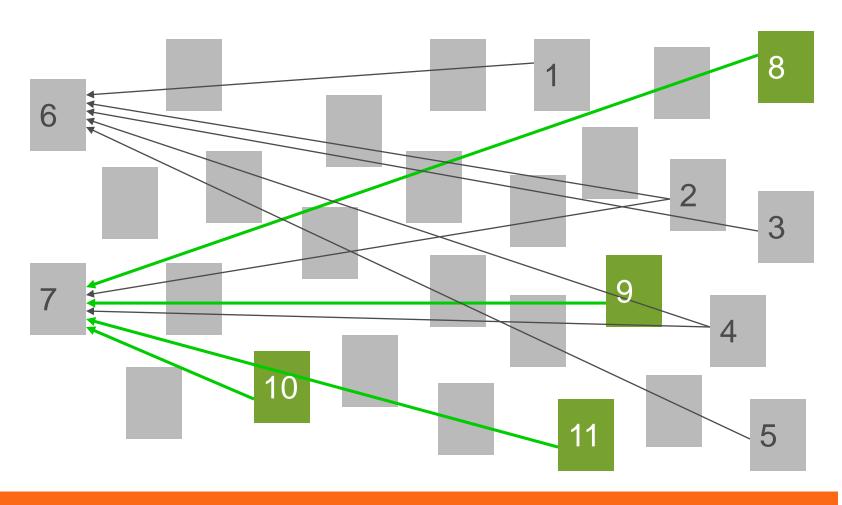
I know what I need to know – you are only acquiring information – any researcher can do it (1,2,3,4,5)



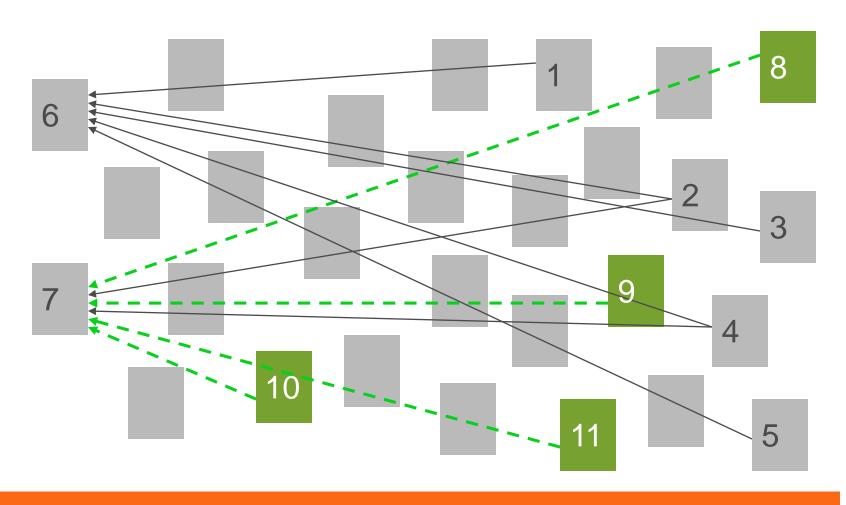
I know what I don't know – you are only retrieving information – every researcher is doing it (6,7)



If you could find what are those things that you didn't even know you don't know, you DISCOVER! (8,9,10,11)



Without the "discovery links" and you lost the related materials (8,9,10,11)

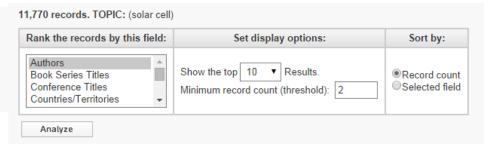


CONNECTING COLLABORATORS

Source: Web of Science, Thomson Reuters



Analyze Results III Create Citation Report



Conferences to attend? Potential Collaborators?

Institutes to collaborate?

Field: Conference Titles					
39TH IEEE PHOTOVOLTAIC SPECIALISTS CONFERENCE PVSC					
246TH NATIONAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY ACS					
PHYSICS SIMULATION AND PHOTONIC ENGINEERING OF PHOTOVOLTAIC DEVICES III					
CONFERENCE ON PHOTONICS FOR SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEMS V					
15TH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON GETTERING AND DEFECT ENGINEERING IN SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNOLOGY GADEST					
CONFERENCE ON NEXT GENERATION NANO PHOTONIC AND CELL TECHNOLOGIES FOR SOLAR ENERGY CONVERSION IV					
CONFERENCE ON MICRO NANO MATERIALS DEVICES AND SYSTEMS					
3RD INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON CRYSTALLINE SILICON PHOTOVOLTAICS SILICONPV					
2ND INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ICEEP 2013					
2ND INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON INNOVATION COMMUNICATION AND ENGINEERING ICICE					

Field: Authors	Record Count	% of 76003
GRATZEL M	491	0.646 %
GREEN MA	374	0.492 %
KIM J	308	0.405 %
KIM JH	305	0.401 %
YAMAGUCHI M	289	0.380 %
ANONYMOUS	279	0.367 %
YANG Y	277	0.364 %
ZHANG Y	269	0.354 %
LIYF	257	0.338 %
KIMH	249	0.328 %

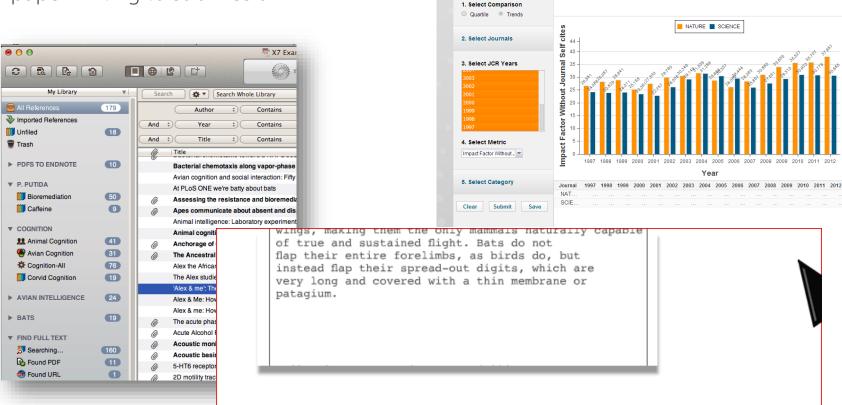
Field: Organizations-Enhanced	Record Count	% of 76003
CHINESE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES	2376	3.126 %
NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY LABORATORY USA	1562	2.055 %
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA SYSTEM	1543	2.030 %
HELMHOLTZ ASSOCIATION	1046	1.376 %
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ADVANCED INDUSTRIAL SCIENCE TECHNOLOGY AIST	898	1.182 %
SWISS FEDERAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY LAUSANNE	799	1.051 %
UNIVERSITY OF NEW SOUTH WALES	782	1.029 %
FRAUNHOFER GESELLSCHAFT	778	1.024 %
NATIONAL TAIWAN UNIVERSITY	766	1.008 %
OSAKA UNIVERSITY	684	0.900 %

CONNECTING RESEARCH TO PUBLICATION

Compare Journals

Source: EndNote, Journal Citation reports

From managing research information to paper writing to submission



CONNECTED RESEARCHERS' WORKFLOW









inform the next discovery





